

Goal 3: Lead by example.

We are intentional and innovative in meeting the needs of today while anticipating and protecting the needs of tomorrow.

We are caretaker to some of the region's most precious natural resources and beloved parks, trails and nature-based offerings. We are responsible for the stewardship of these resources to meet the needs of today, as well as future generations. By setting clear priorities, investing in our resources and sharing our knowledge with others, we will fulfill our stewardship responsibilities and leave a legacy for others to follow.

We will:

- Take care of our resources and stay true to our mission.
- Embrace new ideas, think big, take risks and learn from our mistakes.
- Consider tomorrow when making decisions about today.

We will accomplish this by:

- Prioritizing long-range planning and funding to maintain what we have and prepare for new opportunities.
- Incorporating the Visitor Experience Model (pages 10 & 11), and Recreation Opportunity Spectrum (pages 20 & 21) to meet current and projected community needs.
- Telling our story and sharing the impact of our work.
- Convening and leading our natural resources partners, including government agencies, public organizations, private entities and others, to identify and protect a system of natural resources to buffer and connect our parks (page 15).
- Convening and leading our regional trail partners, including Hennepin County and other regional agencies, to manage, build and maintain the 2040 Regional Trail System (page 17) throughout Hennepin County.
- Recruiting and retaining industry experts, investing in training and professional networking, and purposefully sharing our knowledge with others.

Key Performance Indicators:

Acres protected, partnership collaborations, visitor satisfaction ratings and acknowledgment by peers and the public.









The Recreation Opportunity Spectrum (ROS) is a classification tool to ensure a diversity of experiences are present throughout our system. The ROS recognizes that people are as diverse as the resources we are trying to protect. Each person is looking for a unique experience some crave complete nature immersion, and some thrive in highly social settings. By planning a system composed of a wide range of offerings and settings, we are better positioned to serve all people.

The ROS model is built on the understanding that not every park or trail will serve all people, but that all people will be served somewhere within our system. It helps protect our most cherished natural resources from over development, creating places for nature immersion while also allowing other areas to be developed for heavy recreational use.

The ROS model classifies each park and trail based on how developed or natural it is envisioned to be and whether interaction with others or nature should be more prevalent. It recognizes that the planning and operation for one unit, like Crow-Hassan Park Reserve, will prioritize natural resources protection and have limited staff presence. While another unit, like Mississippi Gateway Regional Park, will prioritize recreation and programming and have a consistent staff presence.

A core purpose of the ROS classifications is to guide decision making and investments at each park and trail, helping us resist the one-size-fits-all approach. By not replicating the same activities, facilities and programs across every park in our system, we have preserved and restored the natural resources we are entrusted to protect for the enjoyment and appreciation of people today and in the future.

Based on feedback from our engagement efforts, we have developed and introduced a new park classification that will allow us to better serve all communities. The new category, Bridging and Partnership Parks, focuses on introducing people to nature in ways that are convenient, comfortable and oftentimes closer to home. Moving forward, these parks will allow us to enhance communities and introduce new users to the greater regional park and trail system — making regional parks and trails more accessible for all to enjoy.

Recreation Opportunity Spectrum

Provide a variety of outdoor recreation facilities and activities

Ample natural areas to ensure quality outdoor recreation experiences

Regional Park Size: 100+ acres

Bridging and Partnership Park size: varies

PARKS

Protect and manage resilient natural habitats

Foster appreciation for and enjoyment of natural resources

Park Reserve Size: 1,000+ acres

Urban

Regional Park

Service Area Travel Time: 10 min. drive

Getting people outdoors and recreating

Bridging and Partnership

Local Feature

Service Area Travel Time: 10 min. walk/bike

Attracting and introducing new users to nature

Increasing convenience for community groups with limited connection to nature

Suburban

Regional Park

Service Area Travel Time: 10 min. drive

Connecting people to nature comfortably and conveniently through nature-based recreation offerings

Semi-Developed

Park Reserve

Service Area Travel Time: 20 min. drive

Protecting natural resources while supporting nature-based recreation and education offerings

Natural

Park Reserve

Service Area Travel Time: 30 min. drive

Protecting and restoring large areas of significant and unique natural resources

Pockets of natural areas may improve the user experience but are not necessary to support the recreation offerings

Typically dependent on partnerships with municipalities or other agencies due to location, available land and shared goals

Allows visitors to transition into nature as their comfort level increases

The entire park may be developed, provided that a natural setting remains

A few concentrated areas of development surrounded by large, intact natural areas

At least 80% remaining natural

Minimal areas of development allowing for immersive nature experience

Goal of maintaining 90%+ as natural

Not Applicable

Centennial Park Hopkins Depot MAC Nature Area Schaper Park Sochacki Park **Taft Park**

Bryant Lake Cleary Lake

Eagle Lake Fish Lake **French**

Lake Minnetonka

Lake Sarah Mississippi Gateway **North Mississippi**

Baker

Carver Elm Creek

Hyland, Bush and **Anderson Lakes**

Lake Rebecca

Crow-Hassan Murphy-Hanrehan



Urban to Natural

Completely developed; no large natural areas

Continuous visitor interaction; with opportunities to participate in outdoor recreation

Supports heavy visitation and a variety of outdoor recreation opportunities

Significant opportunities for instructor-led recreation, education and special events **ENVIRONMENTAL**

Mostly undeveloped; large, resilient natural areas

SOCIAL

Infrequent visitor interaction; with opportunities to immerse in nature

MANAGERIAL

Supports limited visitation and the protection and restoration of natural resources

PROGRAMMING

Self-guided, natural resources-based experiences with some instructor-led offerings

TRAILS -

Unique regional offerings
Size: varies

Linear pathways for recreation and transportation

Located along natural or built features

Link to Three Rivers parks whenever possible

Specialized Recreation Features

Service Area Travel Time: 45 min. drive

Providing unique, specific, regional recreation, education or natural resources offerings

Setting, size, location and level of development dependent on the purpose of the feature

Gale Woods Farm
Glen Lake Golf &
Practice Center
Kingswood Park
Noerenberg Gardens
Silverwood Park
The Landing

Destination Trail

Service Area Distance: 1.5 mile walk/bike

Providing a regional recreation facility along a greenway or linear park

Trail acts as a destination

Linking Trail

Service Area Distance: 1.5 mile walk/bike

Providing access to regional parks and to the greater regional trail network

Independent, wide corridor with opportunities to improve and protect natural and cultural resources and provide recreation amenities

Multi-use corridor routed to connect people, destinations and the greater transportation system

Baker-Carver
Cedar Lake LRT
Crow River
Dakota Rail LRT
Lake Minnetonka LRT
Luce Line
Medicine Lake
Minnesota River
Bluffs LRT
Nine Mile Creek

North Cedar Lake Rush Creek

West Mississippi River

Bassett Creek
Crystal Lake
Lake Independence
Nokomis-Minnesota River
Northeast Diagonal
Shingle Creek
Twin Lakes







